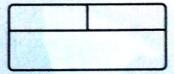
# ANCHOR TEXT



# TARGET SKILL

**Story Structure** Examine details about characters, setting, and plot.



# **GENRE**

**Science fiction** is writing based on scientific ideas and often set in the future. As you read, look for:

- ▶ technology of the future
- ▶ unrealistic events
- characters that may or may not be like real people



RL.5.5 explain how chapters, scenes, or stanzas fit together to provide the overall structure; RL.5.6 describe how a narrator's or

speaker's point of view influences how events are described; RL.5.10 read and comprehend literature

# MEET THE AUTHOR

# Lensey Namioka

Lensey Namioka was only nine years old when she and her family moved to the United States from China, and although she adored spending time reading stories, she found learning



the complexities of the English language difficult.

Solving math problems came much more easily to her, so she majored in mathematics in college and became a math teacher. However, she never stopped reading, and eventually her love of stories led her to become a successful writer, too. Ms. Namioka has written books for children and for young adults, as well as several articles and popular short stories such as "LAFFF."

# MEET THE ILLUSTRATOR Hiromitsu Yokota

Hiromitsu Yokota has created illustrations for numerous books, magazines, and calendars. He likes to infuse his work with details and feelings from everyday life and experiences.



Mr. Yokota uses digital technology to create his illustrations because it allows him to manipulate color and light while producing pictures that appear to have been drawn by hand. He attended college in Tokyo and earned a degree in fine arts, and is a member of the Society of Illustrators.

# from Best Shorts y Lensey Namioka election illustrated by Hiromitsu Yokota **IMAGINE THE POSSIBILITIES**

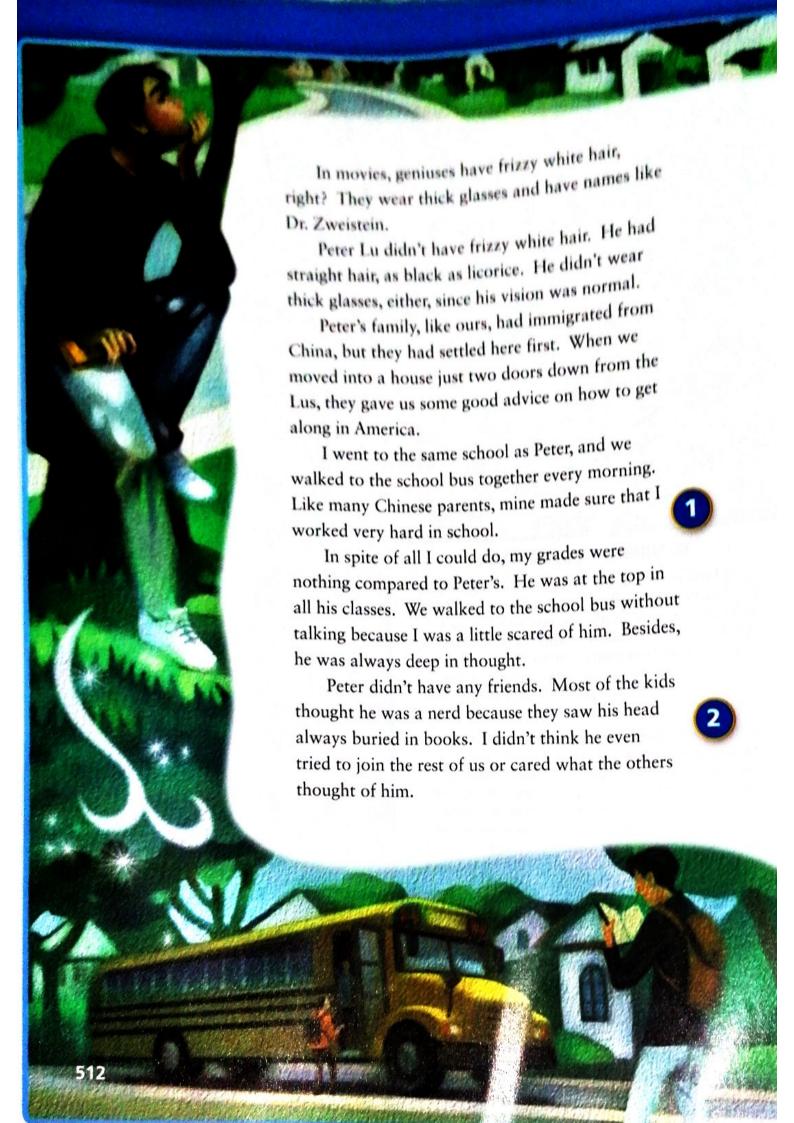
Did you know that science fiction writers have been thrilling audiences with stories about time travel for well over a century? One of the best-known novels about time travel is H.G. Wells's The Time Machine. This novel features a main character who builds an incredible time machine and uses it to explore and interact with periods and people far into the future and it was written way back in 1888!

Readers throughout the world have had a longstanding love affair with science fiction because it stimulates their imaginations and weaves together elements of fantasy, science, adventure, mystery, and drama. Several popular science fiction authors have seen their work adapted into movies or television series that involve the creation of elaborate sets and futuristic inventions, and while translating a writer's vision of time travel to film or screen can be difficult and expensive, the payoff is that fans of the book get to see the future or past brought to life in whole new ways.

Despite the countless depictions of time travel in literature, film, and television, there is no evidence that it has ever happened or could happen; it is a testament to the talents of science fiction authors that they are able to write such believable stories about a future no one has yet experienced. Perhaps some of the inventions, environments, and ideas in those stories will be realized someday, though, Imagine that!

### **ESSENTIAL QUESTION**

What role does imagination play in the invention process?



Then he surprised us all. As I went down the block trick-or-treating, dressed as a zucchini in my green sweats, I heard a strange, deep voice behind me say, "How do you do."

I yelped and turned around. Peter was wearing a long, black Chinese gown with slits in the sides. On his head he had a little round cap, and down each side of his mouth drooped a thin, long mustache.

"I am Dr. Lu Manchu, the mad scientist," he announced, putting his hands in his sleeves and bowing.

He smiled when he saw me staring at his costume. It was a scary smile, somehow.

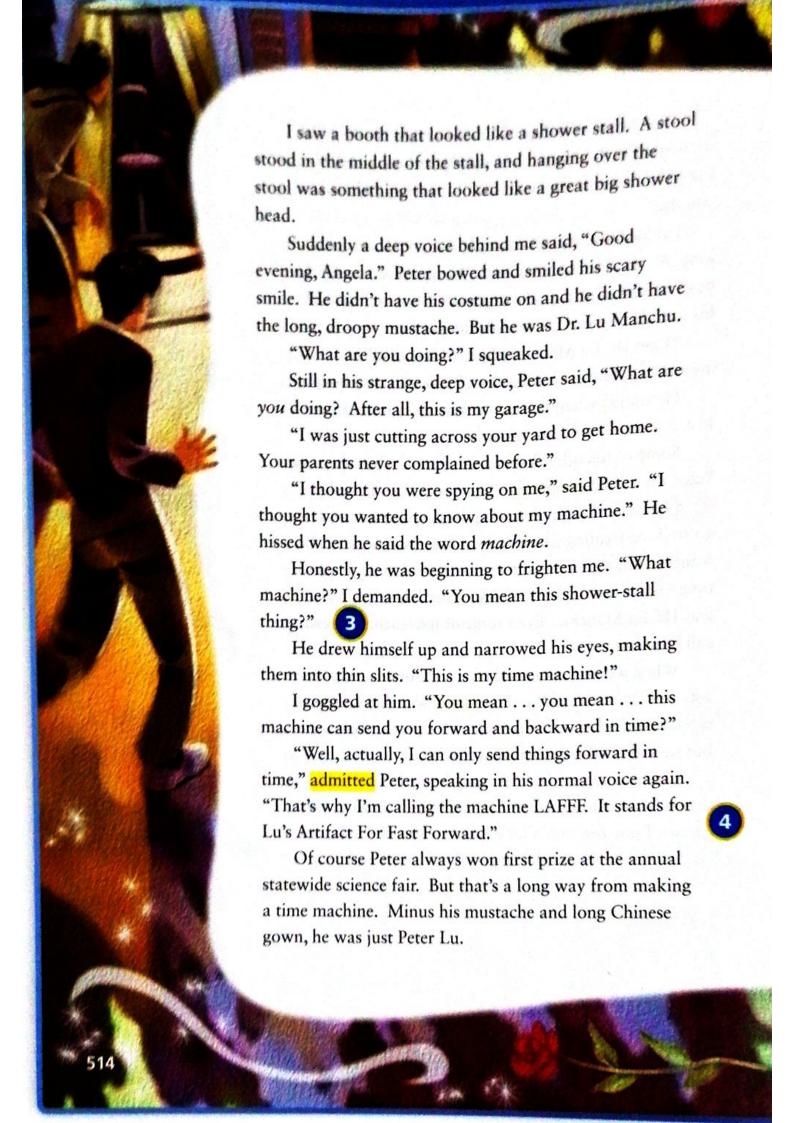
Some of the other kids came up, and when they saw
Peter, they were impressed. "Hey, neat!" said one boy.

I hadn't expected Peter to put on a costume and go trick-or-treating like a normal kid. So maybe he did want to join the others after all—at least some of the time. After that night he wasn't a nerd anymore. He was Dr. Lu Manchu. Even some of the teachers began to call him that.

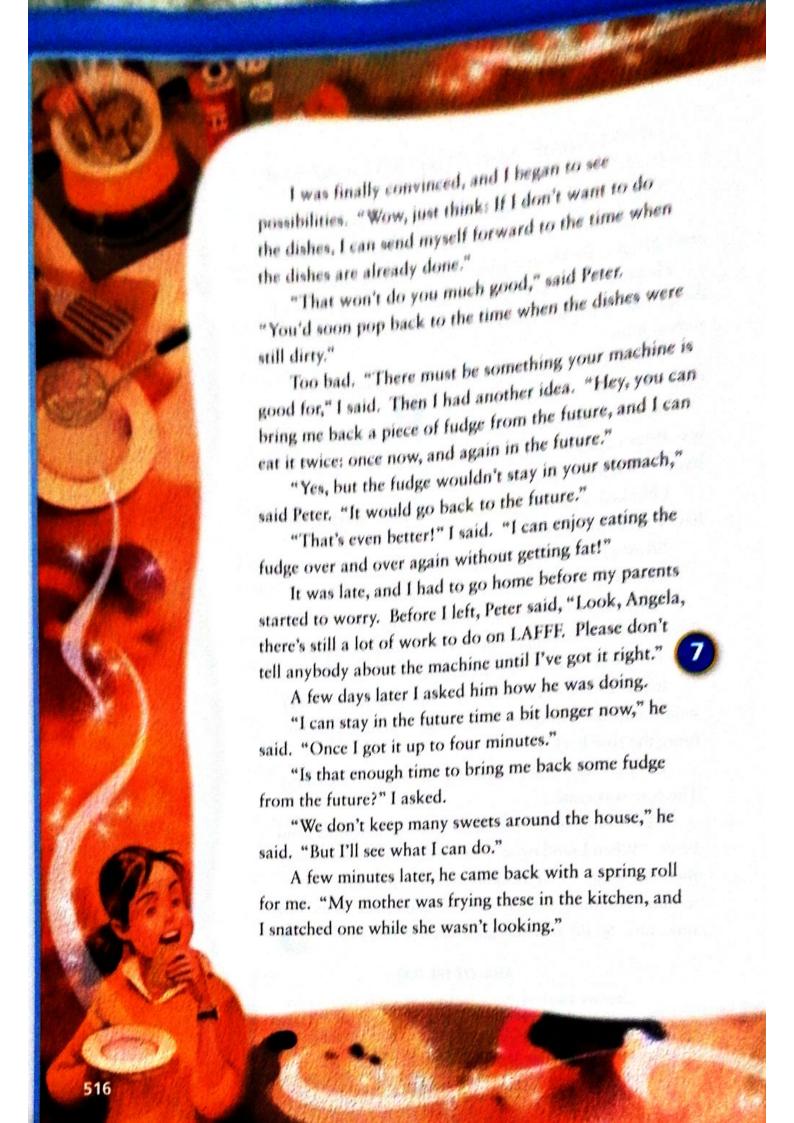
When we became too old for trick-or-treating, Peter was still Dr. Lu Manchu. The rumor was that he was working on a fantastic machine in his parents' garage.

But nobody had any idea what it was.

One evening, as I was coming home from a babysitting job, I cut across the Lus' backyard. Passing their garage, I saw through a little window that the light was on. My curiosity got the better of me, and I pecked in.



"I don't believe it!" I said. "I bet LAFFF is only good for a laugh." "Okay, Angela. I'll show you!" hissed Peter. He sat down on the stool and twisted a dial. I heard some bleeps, cheeps, and gurgles. Peter disappeared. He must have done it with mirrors. I looked around the garage. I peeked under the tool bench. There was no sign of him. "Okay, I give up," I told him. "It's a good trick, Peter. You can come out now." Bleep, cheep, and gurgle went the machine, and there was Peter sitting on the stool. He held a red rose in his hand, "What do you think of that?" l blinked. "So you <mark>produced</mark> a flower. Maybe you had it under the stool," "Roses bloom in June, right?" he demanded. That was true. And this was December. "I sent myself forward in time to June when the flowers were blooming," said Peter. "And I picked the rose from our yard. Convinced, Angela?" It was too hard to swallow. "You said you couldn't send things back in time," I objected. "So how did you bring the rose back?" But even as I spoke I saw that his hands were empty. The rose was gone. "That's one of the problems with the machine," said Peter. "When I send myself forward, I can't seem to stay there for long. I snap back to my own time after only a minute. Anything I bring with me snaps back to its own time, too. So my rose has gone back to this June." ANALYZE THE TEXT Literary Devices When authors use words, such as buzz or clang, that sound like the noises they describe, it is called onomatopoeia. Where has the author used onomatopoeia on this page, and what does it add to the story?



I bit into the hot, crunchy spring roll, but before I finished chewing, it disappeared. The taste of soy sauce, green onions, and bean sprouts stayed a little longer in my mouth, though.

It was fun to play around with LAFFF, but it wasn't really useful. I didn't know what a great help it would turn out to be.

Every year our school held a writing contest, and the winning story for each grade got printed in our school magazine. I wanted desperately to win. I worked awfully hard in school, but my parents still thought I could do better.

Winning the writing contest would show my parents that I was really good in something. I love writing stories, and I have lots of ideas. But when I actually write them down, my stories never turn out as good as I thought. I just can't seem to find the right words, because English isn't my first language.

I got an honorable mention last year, but it wasn't the same as winning and showing my parents my name, Angela Tang, printed in the school magazine.

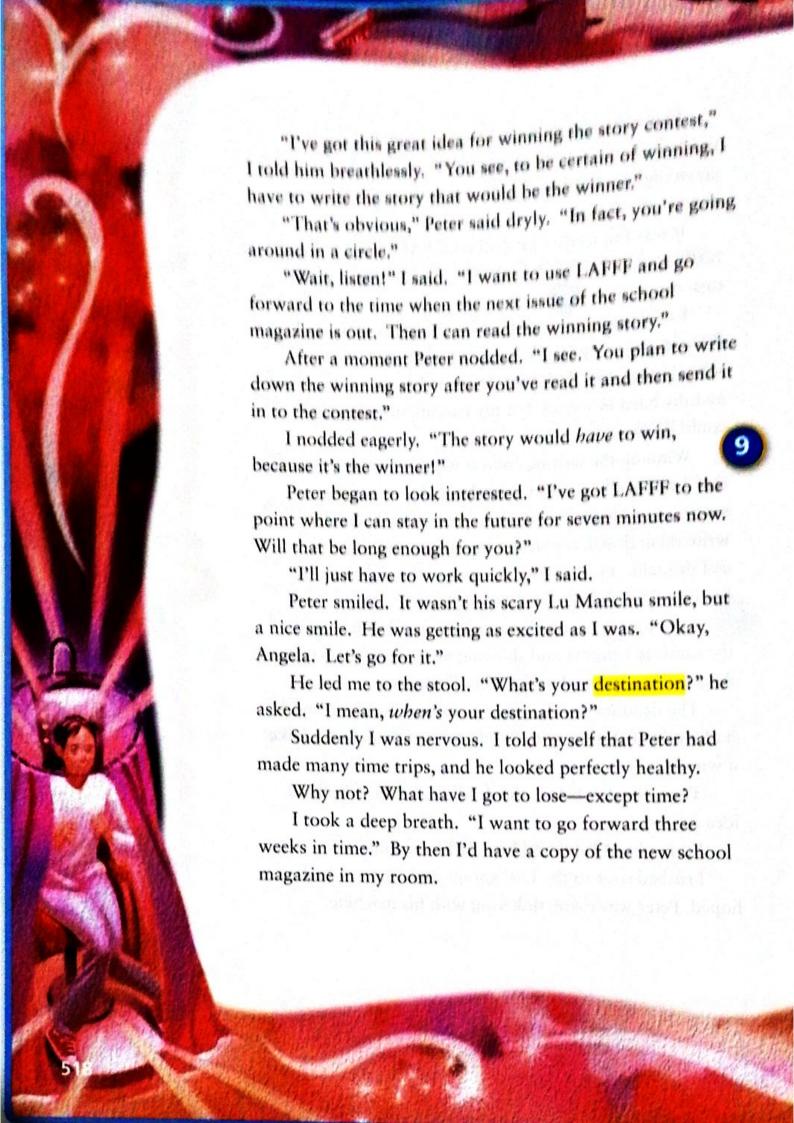
The deadline for the contest was getting close, and I had a pile of stories written, but none of them looked like a winner.

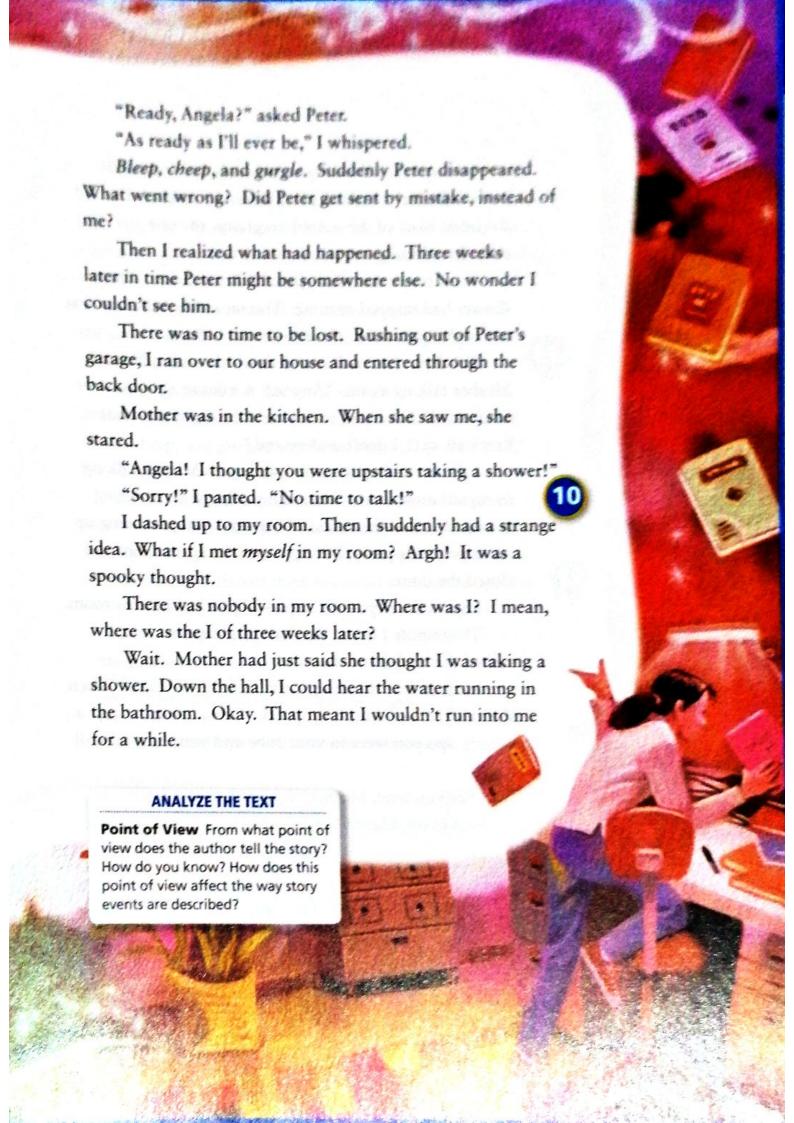
Then, the day before the deadline, boing, a brilliant idea hit me.

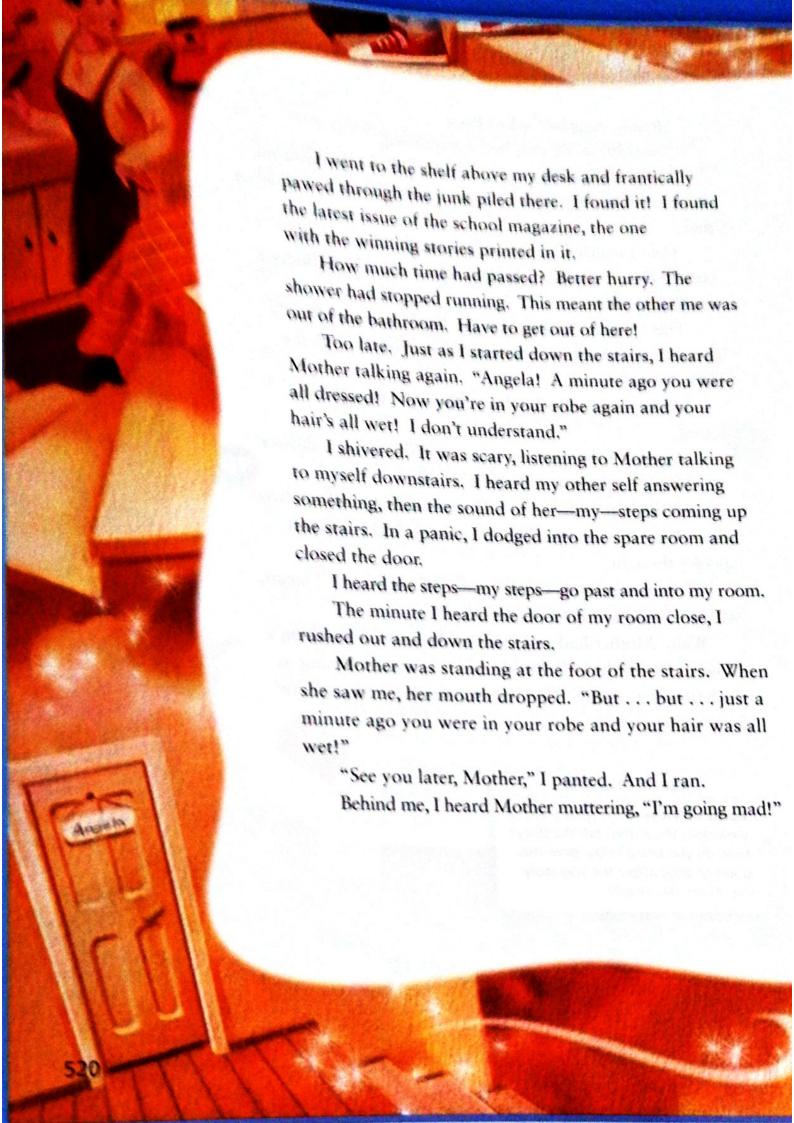
I thought of Peter and his LAFFF machine.

I rushed over to the Lus' garage and, just as I had hoped, Peter was there, tinkering with his machine.

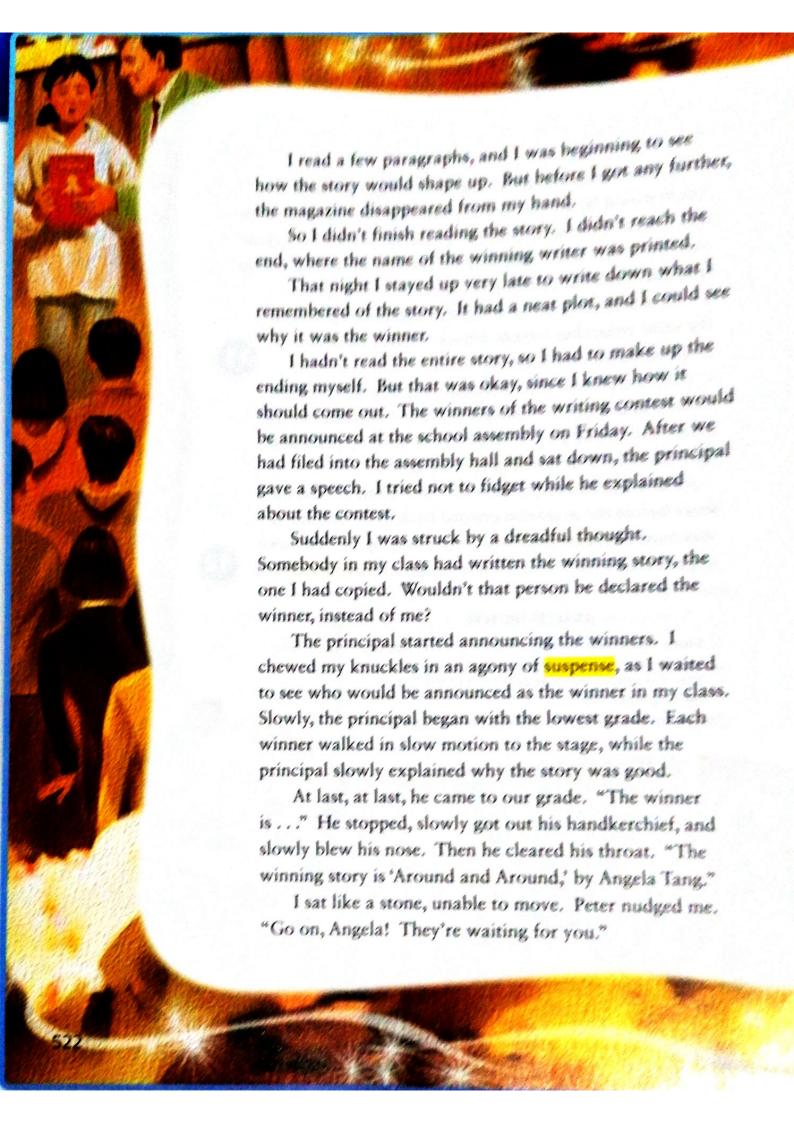












I got up and walked up to the stage in a daze. The principal's voice seemed to be coming from far, far away as he told the audience that I had written a science fiction story about time travel.

The winners each got a notebook bound in imitation leather for writing more stories. Inside the cover of the notebook was a ballpoint pen. But the best prize was having my story in the school magazine with my name printed at the end.

Then why didn't I feel good about winning?

After assembly, the kids in our class crowded around to congratulate me. Peter formally shook my hand. "Good work, Angela," he said and winked at me. That didn't make me feel any better. I hadn't won the contest fairly. Instead of writing the story myself, I had copied it from the school magazine.

That meant someone in our class—one of the kids here—had actually written the story. Who was it?

My heart was knocking against my ribs as I stood there and waited for someone to complain that I had stolen his story.

Nobody did.

As we were riding the school bus home, Peter looked at me. "You don't seem very happy about winning the contest, Angela."

"No, I'm not," I mumbled. "I feel just awful."

"Tell you what," suggested Peter. "Come over to my house and we'll discuss it."

"What is there to discuss?" I asked glumly. "I won the contest because I cheated."

"Come on over, anyway. My mother bought a fresh package of humbow in Chinatown."

I couldn't turn down that invitation. Humbow, a roll stuffed with barbecued pork, is my favorite snack.

Peter's mother came into the kitchen while we were munching, and he told her about the contest.

Mrs. Lu looked pleased. "I'm very glad, Angela. You have a terrific imagination, and you deserve to win."

"I like Angela's stories," said Peter. "They're original."

It was the first compliment he had ever paid me, and I felt my face turning red.

After Mrs. Lu left us, Peter and I each had another humbow. But I was still miserable. "I wish I had never started this. I feel like such a jerk."

Peter looked at me, and I swear he was enjoying himself. "If you stole another student's story, why didn't that person complain?"

"I don't know!" I wailed.

"Think!" said Peter. "You're smart, Angela. Come on, figure it out."

Me, smart? I was so overcome to hear myself called smart by a genius like Peter that I just stared at him.

He had to repeat himself. "Figure it out, Angela!"

I tried to concentrate. Why was Peter looking so amused?

The light finally dawned. "Got it," I said slowly.

"I'm the one who wrote the story."

"The winning story is your own, Angela, because that's the one that won."

My head began to go around and around. "But where did the original idea for the story come from?"

"What made the plot so good?" asked Peter. His voice sounded unsteady.

"Well, in my story, my character used a time machine to go forward in time . . ." "Okay, whose idea was it to use a time machine?"
"It was mine," I said slowly. I remembered the
moment when the idea had hit me with a boing.

"So you s-stole f-from yourself!" sputtered Peter. He started to roar with laughter. I had never seen him break down like that. At this rate, he might wind up being human.

When he could talk again, he asked me to read my story to him.

I began. "In movies, geniuses have frizzy white hair, right? They wear thick glasses and have names like Dr. Zweistein . . . ."

#### **COUNT ON CREATIVITY!**

The main character in Lensey Namioka's short story "LAFFF" goes to extreme measures to ensure that she takes home top honors in a writing competition and sees her story published in the school magazine. Winning the contest is a thrill, especially when she realizes she has learned a lesson much more valuable than a contest prize: the story was in her all along, and she needed only to believe in her own creative ability. This lesson is one that even the most celebrated professional authors have to continuously reinforce within themselves. Writing an imaginative story or a work of science fiction can feel particularly risky, and writers often question whether audiences will continue to find their scenes and settings interesting, or whether people will be eager to follow story characters on journeys that may seem extraordinary or at times even bizarre. Often the most challenging aspect of the writing process is coming to trust one's own instincts, talents, and ideas.

As you write your own plays and stories, remember that readers find it enjoyable to be transported into the world an author constructs in a story, even when (or, in some cases, especially when!) that world is utterly unlike their own. Although inventing a whole new world or new kind of character can be intimidating in the planning stages, have faith that others out there share your interests, and work to help readers visualize what you see in your mind. Vivid language and descriptions, relatable details, and fully formed characters and ideas—and a writer's confidence in his or her own original vision—can ensure that readers will find even the most far-fetched story irresistible.

